

ANTIMONY TRIOXIDE (ATO)

NON HALOGENATED INORGANIC FLAME RETARDING CHEMICAL.

Application:

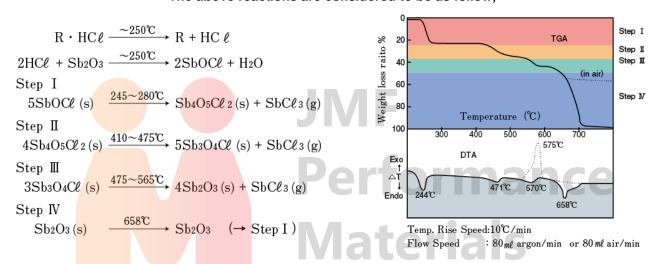
Used as a Synergist in PVC and with Brominated and Chlorinated Flame Retardants As one kind of flame retardant, Sb2O3 can be widely used in Polyvinyl Chloride, CPE Polyethylene Polypropylene, Polystyrene, Nylon, Eng Resin, Paper, etc

Flame Retardant Mechanism:

Antimony Trioxide reacts with Halogenated Compound and creates the Chemical Compounds, which generate the flame retardant function, through the following process

- > Stop action of thermal de-composite chain reaction under gas phase
- > Sealing action against oxygen under gas phase
- > The formation of carbonaceous char under the solid phase

The above reactions are considered to be as follow;



- Used as Passiavator in the Catalyctic Cracking and Catalytic Reforming process of heavy Oil and Resudual Oil.
- Used as Non-Magnetic Ceramics used for making Pressure Sensitive Ceramics and magnet
- Used as filling agent and flame retardant in Rubber/plastic Industry
- Used as Covering Agent in Porcelain Enamel and Ceramics

Head parts in Electronic Industry:

Used as white Dye and Flame Retardant for Paint in Painting industry Used as a Catalyst for Organic Synthetics

Specification:

Purity	Sb203 - ₃ Min 99.80%
Chemical Impurities	As ₂ O ₃₋₁ max 0.05
	PbO - max 0.08
	Fe ₂ O ₃ max 0.005 %
	CuO max 0.002 %
Whiteness ≥ min	96 Physical
Average Particle size (um)	0.9-1.6

Physical Form: White Fine Powder form.

Packing: 20 Kg or 25 Kg per Bag, out layer Kraft paper internal layer polyethylene